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PROTECT YOUR INVESTMENT!
**Caring For Your Advanced
Meditech Instruments**

Congratulations on your purchase of AMI's quality no-scalpel vasectomy instruments. Our buyers have gone literally around the globe to bring you the finest possible NSV instruments. Independent testing has shown what we already know-- that AMI's instruments are absolutely the best available.* However ***please remember that ANY stainless steel surgical instrument may stain, corrode, or even break if not properly maintained.***

Using properly maintained instruments is an important part of any surgical procedure. To help you maintain and extend the useful life of your instruments, please follow the following suggested care guidelines.

Cleaning

Based on our experience and that of many instrument manufacturers, instruments are most likely to sustain damage during cleaning. It is therefore important that they be cleaned by an experienced handler of instruments using the following recommended steps:

1. Instruments should be cleaned immediately after each use.
2. Rinse the instruments under warm running water to remove all blood, tissue, and body fluids from surgery.
3. Briefly soak the instruments in a hemolytic enzyme solution such as HaemoSol. Be certain that only neutral pH (i.e., 7.0) solutions or detergents are used. Low pH detergents, if not fully rinsed off after cleaning, will corrode the protective surface of the stainless steel. High pH detergents will corrode or cause "browning" of the instruments that may impair instrument function.
4. If needed, a *soft* nylon brush or toothbrush may be used to brush away stubborn particles remaining from the surgery.
5. After the brief soaking and, if needed, gentle brushing, rinse individual instruments completely under running water. While rinsing, take care to open and close the forceps and hemostats to ensure that the hinge areas are rinsed as fully as other areas.
6. Carefully place the instruments on clean paper towels to dry. In the case of the surgical hemostats, **the fine tips must be placed face-up on the towels to avoid damaging them.**

Lubricating

1. As with all instruments having moving metal parts that touch, lubricate your NSV instruments after each cleaning and prior to each autoclaving.
2. Use a professional surgical instrument lubricant such as Miltex Spray Lube (AMI cat. # VE-8) and follow the

directions carefully. Do not use WD-40 oil or similar industrial lubricants which may damage the instruments.

Autoclaving

1. Always follow the manufacturer's operating instructions exactly when using an autoclave to sterilize instruments.
2. If using disposable paper or plastic pouches with individual instruments, be sure to use a wide enough pouch to allow insertion of forceps and hemostats in an open (i.e., unlocked) position.
3. NEVER lock an instrument during autoclaving as this prevents steam from reaching and sterilizing the overlapping metal surfaces. Also, the forceps and hemostats can crack in the hinge areas due to heat expansion during the autoclaving.
4. Take care not to overload the autoclave-- doing so may create "pockets" in the chamber that prevent steam penetration to some instrument surfaces.
5. Place a towel on the bottom of the pan to soak up any excess moisture. IMPORTANT: Be sure that the towels used contain no residual detergent or bleach and have a neutral pH (7.0) if submerged in water. Commercial laundries often use inexpensive, high-pH cleaning agents or bleach and do not properly rinse or neutralize the agents during the final rinse cycle.
6. Following the autoclave cycle and before the dry cycle, unlock the door of the autoclave and open it just a crack (1/2" to 3/4"). Next, run the dry cycle as recommended by the manufacturer. Do not open the door more than this before the dry cycle, as colder room air may enter the chamber and cause condensation on, and staining of, the instruments. IMPORTANT: Omit step 6 if the autoclave is the type that cannot be opened safely between these cycles.

Standard Sterilization Methods

Steam autoclave sterilization is recommended. Standard autoclave cycle: 134°C for 18 minutes. Other time and steam temperature cycles may also be used. However, user must validate any deviation from the recommended time and temperature. Autoclave temperature should not exceed 137°C (280°F). We do not recommend cold sterilization or hot air for all of our surgical instruments.

Storage

1. When not in use, instruments should be stored carefully in an instrument case or other secure place.
2. The delicate tips of the hemostats must be fully protected with sterile plastic covers or a segment of silicone tubing. **Hemostat tips should always be placed face up and never allowed to rest against any hard surface.**

Advanced Meditech International, Inc.
"Improving Healthcare and Bridging Borders with Advanced Medical Technology"
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* Independent testing of instruments from major US and foreign manufacturers conducted by Indeps, Inc. on behalf of US purchasers.